

Name of the Student: \_\_\_\_\_

Max. Marks : 19 Marks

Time : 19 Minutes

**Q1.**

- (a) Define the electric field strength at a point in an electric field.

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\_\_\_\_\_

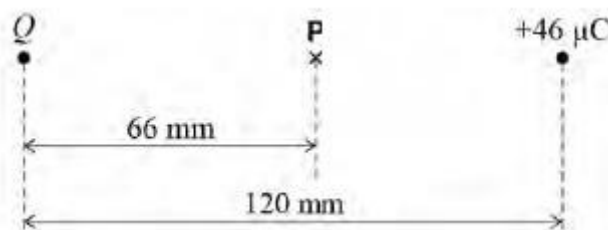
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\_\_\_\_\_

(2)

- (b) **Figure 1** shows a point charge of  $+46 \mu\text{C}$  placed 120 mm from a point charge  $Q$ .

**Figure 1**



Position **P** is on the line joining the charges at a distance 66 mm from charge  $Q$ .  
The resultant electric field strength at position **P** is zero.

Calculate the charge  $Q$ .

$$Q = \text{_____} \text{ C}$$

(3)

- (c) Explain, without calculation, whether net work must be done in moving a proton from infinity to

position **P** in **Figure 1**.

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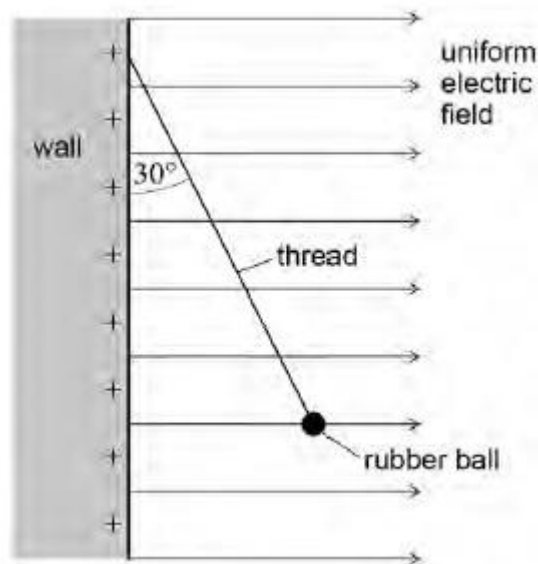
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(2)

- (d) A small rubber ball coated with a conducting paint carries a positive charge. The ball is suspended in equilibrium from a vertical wall by an uncharged non-conducting thread of negligible mass. The wall is positively charged and produces a horizontal uniform electric field perpendicular to the wall along the whole of its length. **Figure 2** shows that the thread makes an angle of  $30^\circ$  to the wall.

**Figure 2**



The thread breaks.

Explain the motion of the ball.

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(2)

**Q2.**

- (a) Derive an expression to show that for satellites in a circular orbit

$$T^2 \propto r^3$$

where  $T$  is the period of orbit and  $r$  is the radius of the orbit.

(2)

- (b) Pluto is a dwarf planet. The mean orbital radius of Pluto around the Sun is
- $5.91 \times 10^9$
- km compared to a mean orbital radius of
- $1.50 \times 10^8$
- km for the Earth.

Calculate in years the orbital period of Pluto.

orbital period of Pluto = \_\_\_\_\_ yr

(2)

- (c) A small mass released from rest just above the surface of Pluto has an acceleration of
- $0.617 \text{ m s}^{-2}$
- .

Assume Pluto has no atmosphere that could provide any resistance to motion.

Calculate the mass of Pluto.

Give your answer to an appropriate number of significant figures.

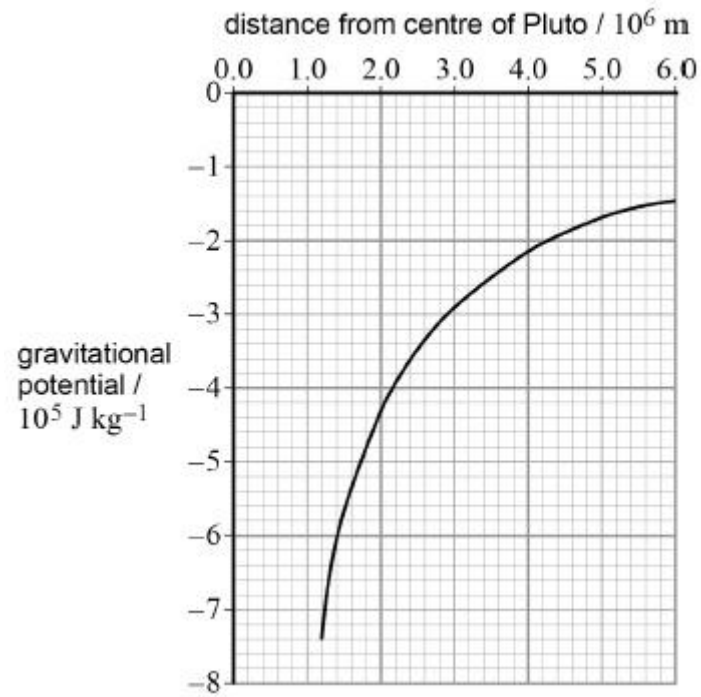
radius of Pluto =  $1.19 \times 10^6$  m

mass of Pluto = \_\_\_\_\_ kg

(3)

- (d) The graph shows the variation in gravitational potential with distance from the centre of Pluto

for points at and above its surface.



A meteorite hits Pluto and ejects a lump of ice from the surface that travels vertically at an initial speed of  $1400 \text{ m s}^{-1}$ .

Determine whether this lump of ice can escape from Pluto.

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(3)  
(Total 10 marks)