

Name of the Student: _____

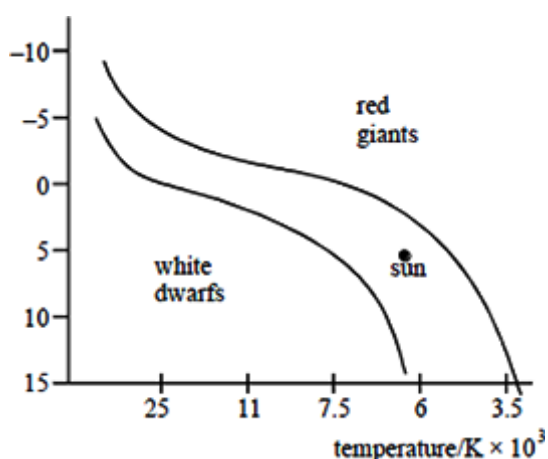
Max. Marks : 19 Marks

Time : 19 Minutes

Mark Schemes

Q1.

(a)



correct position of main sequence (1)

correct position of White Dwarfs and Red Giants (1)

correct position of Sun labelled (1)

(3)

(b) (i) brightness when Red Giant > brightness when in main sequence (1)

(ii) hydrogen exhausts itself (1)

core collapses causing temperature to increase (1)

outer part of star expands (1)

causes decrease in temperature (1)

causing star to appear red (1)

(max 4)

(c) (i) very large gravitational field (1)

prevents light escaping (1)

(ii) event horizon is boundary or surface at which escape speed = c (1)

$$\text{radius } \left(= \frac{2GM}{c^2} \right) = \frac{2 \times 6.67 \times 10^{-11} \times (3 \times 2 \times 10^{30})}{9 \times 10^{16}} \quad (1)$$

$$= 8.9 \times 10^3 \text{ m (1)}$$

(5)

[12]

Q2.

- (a) curved dish (to collect radiation) (*)
reflected to a focus / image or receiver (*)
collect electromagnetic radiation (*)
(*) any two **(1) (1)**

2

(b) $\left(\lambda = \frac{c}{f} \text{ gives}\right) \lambda_1 = \frac{3 \times 10^8}{7.5 \times 10^8} = 0.4 \text{ m}$ and $\lambda_2 = \frac{3 \times 10^8}{1.5 \times 10^{10}} = 0.02 \text{ m (1)}$

$\lambda_2 \approx$ dimensions of holes and signal reduced **(1)**

lower frequency gives $\lambda >$ dimensions of holes, signal not affected **(1)**

3

(c) $\lambda_{\text{rad}} \gg \lambda_{\text{op}}$ **(1)**

explanation (e.g. use of $\theta = \frac{\lambda}{d}$) of $(\text{res. power})_{\text{radio}} < (\text{res. power})_{\text{opt}}$ **(1)**

2

[7]