

Student: \_\_\_\_\_

Max. Marks : 20 Marks

Time : 20 Minutes

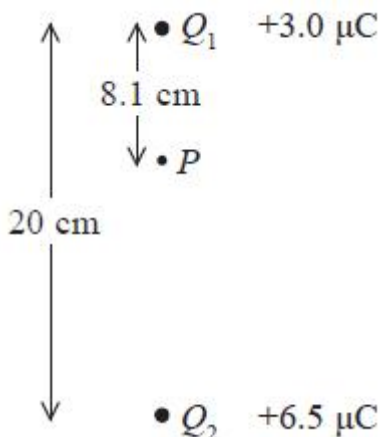
Q1.

(a) Explain what is meant by the term electric field strength.

(2)

.....  
.....

(b) (i) Two point charges  $Q_1$  and  $Q_2$  are placed 20 cm apart.  $Q_1$  has a charge of  $+3.0 \mu\text{C}$  and  $Q_2$  has a charge of  $+6.5 \mu\text{C}$ .



At point  $P$ , a distance 8.1 cm from  $Q_1$ , the electric field strength is approximately zero. Demonstrate by calculation that this statement is correct.

(3)

.....  
.....  
.....  
.....  
.....  
.....  
.....  
.....

(ii) A charge of  $+4.5 \mu\text{C}$  is placed at point  $P$ . State the magnitude of the force acting on this charge.

(1)

.....  
(iii) The + 4.5  $\mu\text{C}$  charge is moved from point  $P$  to a point half way between  $Q_1$  and  $Q_2$ .  
Explain qualitatively why energy would be needed for this movement.

(2)

.....  
.....  
.....  
.....  
.....  
.....

**(Total for question = 8 marks)**

**Q2.**

A simple model of the hydrogen atom consists of an electron moving in a circular path around a proton.

(i) In this simple model it is the electrostatic force, rather than the gravitational force, that is responsible for keeping the electron in a circular path.

By means of calculations justify this statement.

radius  $r$  of the hydrogen atom =  $5.3 \times 10^{-11}$  m

(4)

.....  
.....  
.....  
.....  
.....

(ii) Ignoring the gravitational force, calculate the velocity of the electron in this simple model of the hydrogen atom.

(3)

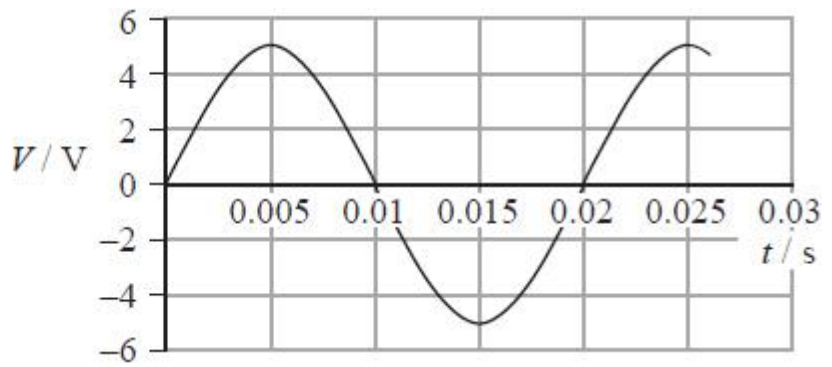
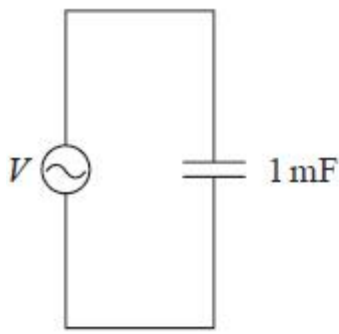
.....  
.....  
.....  
.....  
.....

Velocity = .....

**(Total for question = 7 marks)**

**Q3.**

The circuit shows a 1 mF capacitor connected to an a.c. supply. The graph shows how the potential difference  $V$  varies with time  $t$ .



A spreadsheet is used to model how the current  $I$  in the 1 mF capacitor varies with  $t$ . Six rows of the spreadsheet are shown below.

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G
	$t / s$	$\Delta t / s$	$V / V$	$Q_{\text{initial}} / C$	$Q_{\text{final}} / C$	$\Delta Q / C$	$I / A$
7	0.0050	0.0010	5.00	0.00476	0.00500	0.00024	0.24
8	0.0060	0.0010	4.76	0.00500	0.00476	-0.00024	-0.24
9	0.0070	0.0010	4.05	0.00476	0.00405	-0.00071	-0.71
10	0.0080	0.0010	2.94	0.00405	0.00294	-0.00111	-1.11
11	0.0090	0.0010	1.55	0.00294	0.00155	-0.00139	-1.39
12	0.0100	0.0010	0	0.00155	0.00000	-0.00155	-1.55

(i) Explain how cell E10 has been calculated.

(2)

.....

.....

.....

.....

(ii) State the formula used to calculate cell G11.

(1)

.....

.....

(iii) Calculate the maximum energy stored on the capacitor.

(2)

.....

.....

.....

Maximum energy stored on the capacitor = .....

**(Total for question = 5 marks)**