

Practice Question Set For A-Level  
**Subject : Physics**  
**Paper-1 Topic : 7\_ Magnetic Field 2**

Name of the Student: \_\_\_\_\_

Max. Marks : 20 Marks

Time : 20 Minutes

Mark Schemes

Q1.

Question Number	Acceptable answers	Additional guidance	Mark
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>measures radius (allow between 4 cm and 6 cm) (1)</li> <li>Use of <math>p = Bqr</math> (1)</li> <li><math>B = 1.1</math> T (range 0.95 T – 1.42 T) (1)</li> <li>direction: out of page (1)</li> </ul>	<p>Allow use of their measured radius in MP2</p> <p><u>Example of calculation:</u>  <math>9.1 \times 10^{-20} \text{ N s} = B \times 1.6 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C} \times 0.52 \text{ m}</math>  <math>B = 1.09 \text{ T}</math></p>	4

Q2.

Question Number	Answer	Mark
(a)	The <u>magnetic</u> field (must be) at right angles to the current (1)	1
(b)	All three units for force, length and current clearly identified (1) (The unit of force is $\text{kg m s}^{-2}$ , the unit of current is A, the unit of length is m)  $T = \text{kg A}^{-1} \text{s}^{-2}$ (1)	2
(c)	Use of $p = m/V$ (1) Use of $mg = BIl$ (1) $B = 0.53$ (T) (no u.e. as given in question for part (b)) (1)	3
	<u>Example of calculation</u> $m = 2.7 \times 10^3 \text{ kg m}^{-3} \times 10 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m} \times 10 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m} \times l$ $m = 0.27 \times l$ $B = (0.27 \times l \times 9.81 \text{ m s}^{-2}) / (5 \text{ A} \times l)$ $B = 0.53 \text{ T}$	
(d)	(Magnetic field is) into paper/page (1)	1
	<b>Total for question</b>	7

Q3.

Question Number	Acceptable Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
(i)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Use of <math>y</math>-sensitivity value (1)</li> <li><math>V_0 = 4.0 \text{ V}</math> (1)</li> </ul>	<u>Example of calculation:</u> $V_0 = 2 \times 2.0 \text{ V} = 4.0 \text{ V}$	2
(ii)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Use of <math>I = \frac{V}{R}</math> (1)</li> <li>Use of <math>I_{\text{rms}} = \frac{I_0}{\sqrt{2}}</math> (1)</li> <li>Or use of <math>V_{\text{rms}} = \frac{V_0}{\sqrt{2}}</math> (1)</li> <li><math>I_{\text{rms}} = 0.019 \text{ A}</math> ECF from(i) (1)</li> </ul>	<u>Example of calculation</u> $I_0 = \frac{4.0 \text{ V}}{150 \Omega} = 0.0267 \text{ A}$ $I_{\text{rms}} = \frac{0.0267 \text{ A}}{\sqrt{2}} = 0.0189 \text{ A}$	3
(iii)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Use of <math>R = R_1 + R_2</math> (1)</li> <li>Use of <math>P = I^2 R</math> (or other valid power equation) (1)</li> <li><math>P = 0.096 \text{ W}</math> ECF from(i) and (ii) (1)</li> </ul>	<u>Example of calculation:</u> $R = 150 \Omega + 120 \Omega = 270 \Omega$ $P = I^2 R$ $= (0.019 \text{ A})^2$ $\times 270 \Omega = 0.0964 \text{ A}$	3

Q4.

Question Number	Answer	Mark
	A	1