Practice Question Set For GCSE
Subject : Physics
Paper-2 Topic: GCSE Triple Science_Waves (SDQ)

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Name of the Student:_____
Max. Marks : 24 Marks **Time : 24 Minutes**

Mark Schemes

Q1.

(a) Marks awarded for this answer will be determined by the Quality of Written Communication (QWC) as well as the standard of the scientific response. Examiners should also refer to the information in the Marking guidance, and apply a 'best-fit' approach to the marking.

0 marks
No relevant / correct content.

Level 1 (1-2 marks)
There is a basic description of either wave
OR
What happens to either wave when they enter the body. However there is little other detail.

Level 2 (3-4 marks)
There is either:
A clear description of BOTH waves
OR
A clear description as to what happens to BOTH waves inside the body
OR
A clear description of ONE of the waves with clear detail as to what happens to either wave inside the body.

Level 3 (5-6 marks)
There is a detailed description of BOTH of the waves
AND
A detailed description as to what happens to EITHER wave inside the body.

Examples of the points made in the response:

Description of an X-ray

- X-rays are electromagnetic waves / part of the electromagnetic spectrum
  *do **not** allow a description of a property – eg X-rays travel*
- X-rays are (very) high frequency (waves)
  through a vacuum / at the speed of light
- X-rays are (very) high energy (waves)
- X-rays have a (very) short wavelength
- Wavelength (of X-rays) is of a similar size to (the diameter of) an atom

- X-rays are a transverse wave

  correct description acceptable – oscillations / vibrations are perpendicular (at 90°) to direction of energy transfer

- X-rays are ionising radiation

Description of ultrasound

- ultrasound has a frequency above 20 000 (hertz)

  or

  ultra sound is above 20 000 hertz

- ultrasound is above / beyond the human (upper) limit (of hearing)

  accept ultrasound cannot be heard by humans

- ultrasound is a longitudinal wave

  correct description acceptable – oscillations / vibrations (of particles) are parallel (in same direction) to direction of energy transfer

Statement(s) as to what happens to X-rays inside the human body:

- X-rays are absorbed by bone

- X-rays travel through / are transmitted by tissue / skin

Statement as to what happens to ultrasound inside body:

- ultrasound is (partially) reflected at / when it meets a boundary between two different media

- travel at different speeds through different media

6

(b) (because the X-rays) are ionising

accept a description of what ionising is

1

(they will) damage cells

instead of cell, any of these words can be used:
DNA / genes / chromosomes / nucleus

or

mutate cells / cause mutations / increase chances of mutations

or

turn cells cancerous / produce abnormal growths / produce rapidly growing cells

*do **not** accept they can be dangerous (to human health)*
*do **not** accept damage to soft tissue*

or

kill cells

1

(c) any **one** from:

- removal / destruction of kidney / gall stones
- repair of damaged tissue / muscle

  accept examples of repair, eg alleviating bruising, repair scar damage, ligament / tendon damage, joint inflammation

  accept physiotherapy

  *accept curing prostate cancer **or** killing prostate cancer cells*
- removing plaque from teeth

  cleaning teeth is insufficient

1

[9]

Q2.

(a) any **two** correct construction lines:

if more than 2 construction lines treat as a list

2

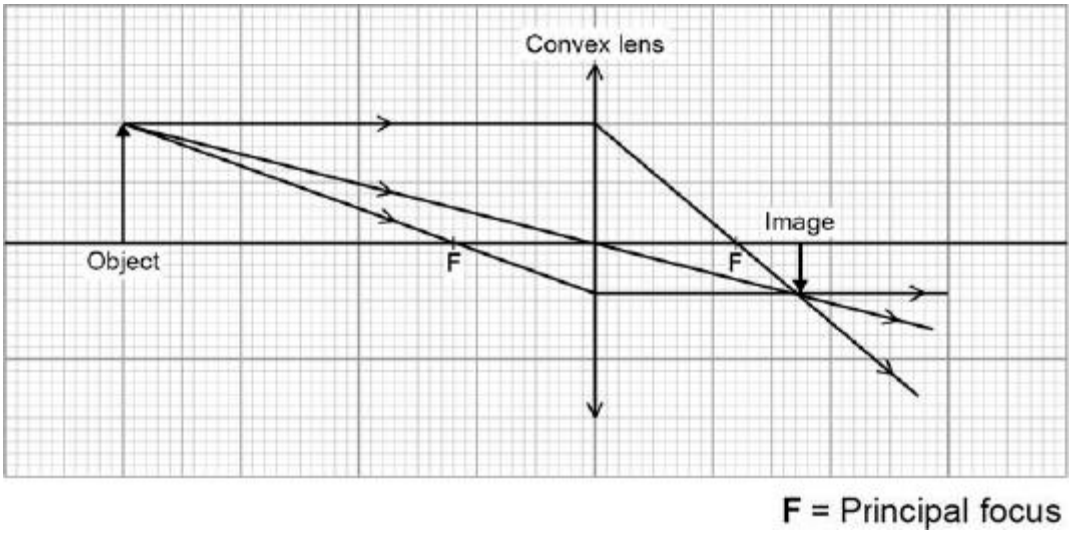
- line passing straight through centre of lens (& out other side)
- line travelling parallel to principal axis & then being refracted through principal focus (on RHS)
- line travelling through principal focus (on LHS) & then being refracted to be parallel to principal axis (on RHS)

inverted image drawn (with arrow) in correct location

1

one arrowhead from object to image on any construction ray

conflicting arrowheads negate this mark



1

(b) any **two** from:

- inverted

  accept upside down
- real
- diminished / smaller

*allow ecf if ray diagram wrongly drawn but descriptions must relate to **their image***

a converse negates mark, eg real and virtual scores zero

2

[6]

Q3.

(a) (matt) black is a good emitter of infrared / radiation

accept heat for infrared / radiation
ignore reference to good absorber
attracts heat negates this marking point

1

to give maximum (rate of) energy transfer (to surroundings)

accept temperature (of coolant) falls fast(er)

*accept black emits more radiation for **1** mark*

*black emits most radiation / black is the best emitter of radiation for **2** marks*

1

(b) the fins increase the surface area

accept heat for energy

1

so increasing the (rate of) energy transfer
or
so more fins greater (rate of) energy transfer

1

(c) 114 000

*allow **1** mark for correct temperature change, ie 15 (°C)*

or

*allow **2** marks for correct substitution, ie 2 × 3 800 × 15*

*answers of 851 200 **or** 737 200 gain **2** marks*

or

*substitution 2 × 3800 × 112 **or** 2 × 3800 × 97 gains **1** mark*

*an answer of 114 kJ gains **3** marks*

3

(d) increases the efficiency

1

less (input) energy is wasted

accept some of the energy that would have been wasted is (usefully) used

or

more (input) energy is usefully used

accept heat for energy

1

[9]