Practice Question Set For A-Level

mass was 1400 kg.

Subject: Physics



Name of the Student:



ax. Ma	ks : 20 Marks	Time : 20 Minutes
Q1.		
-	Rosetta space mission placed a robotic probe on Comet 67P in 2014.	
(a)	The total mass of the Rosetta spacecraft was 3050 kg. This included the robotic 108 kg and 1720 kg of propellant. The propellant was used for changing velocit travelling in deep space where the gravitational field strength is negligible.	
	Calculate the change in gravitational potential energy of the Rosetta spacecraft until it was in deep space. Give your answer to an appropriate number of significant figures.	from launch
	Mass of the Earth = 6.0×10^{24} kg Radius of the Earth = 6400 km	
	change in gravitational potential energy	J
(b)	As it approached the comet, the speed of the Rosetta spacecraft was reduced to the comet. This was done in stages using four 'thrusters'. These were fired sime the same direction.	o match that of
	Explain how the propellant produces the thrust.	
		(3)
(c)	Each thruster provided a constant thrust of 11 N.	

Calculate the deceleration of the Rosetta spacecraft produced by the four thrusters when its

			(1)
(d)		culate the maximum change in speed that could be produced using the 1720 kg of ellants.	
	Assu	ume that the speed of the exhaust gases produced by the propellant was 1200 m s ⁻¹	
		maximum change in speed m s ⁻¹	(3)
(e)	force	en the robotic probe landed, it had to be anchored to the comet due to the low gravitational e. Comet 67P has a mass of about 1.1×10^{13} kg. A possible landing site was about 2.0 km the centre of mass.	
	(i)	Calculate the gravitational force acting on the robotic probe when at a distance of 2.0 km from the centre of mass of the comet.	
		gravitational force N	(3)
	(ii)	Calculate the escape velocity for an object 2.0 km from the centre of mass of the comet.	
		escape velocity m s ⁻¹	(3)
	(iii)	A scientist suggests using a drill to make a vertical hole in a rock on the surface of the comet. The anchoring would be removed from the robotic probe before the drill was used. The drill would exert a force of 25 N for 4.8 s.	` ,
		Explain, with the aid of a calculation, whether this process would cause the robotic probe to escape from the comet.	

decleration _____ m $\,\mathrm{s}^{-2}$

(3 (3) (Total 20 marks		