## Practice Question Set For A-Level

Subject: Physics

Paper-2 Topic: Fields And Their Consequences(Nuclear Physics)



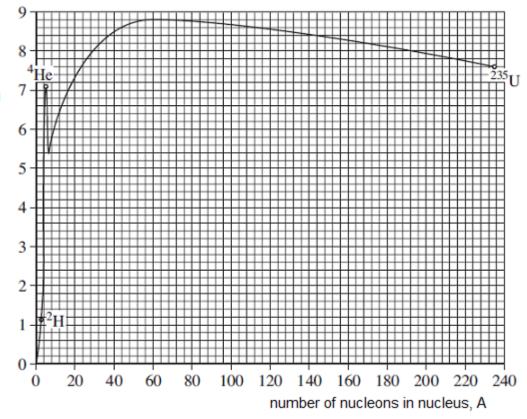
Name of the Student:

Max. Marks: 22 Marks Time: 22 Minutes

## Q1.

The figure below shows the variation in binding energy per nucleon with nucleon number.

average binding energy per nucleon / Me V



(a) A uranium-235,  $^{235}$ U, nucleus fissions into two approximately equally sized products. Use data from the graph to show that the energy released as a result of the fission is approximately 4 ×  $10^{-11}$ J.

Show on the graph how you have used the data.

	mass of ${}^{2}H = 2.0135 \text{ u}$ mass of ${}^{4}He = 4.0026 \text{ u}$	
(c)	Compare the energy available from the complete fission of 1 kg of uranium-235 with the energy available from the fusion of 1 kg of hydrogen-2.	(4)
(d)	Fission and fusion reactions release different amounts of energy. Discuss other reasons why would be preferable to use fusion rather than fission for the production of electricity, assumir that the technical problems associated with fusion could be overcome.	
<b>Q2.</b> (a)	(Total 13)  In a radioactivity experiment, background radiation is taken into account when taking corrected count rate readings in a laboratory. One source of background radiation is the rock on which the laboratory is built. Give <b>two</b> other sources of background radiation.	·
(b)	source 1 source 2 A $\gamma$ ray detector with a cross-sectional area of 1.5 × 10 <sup>-3</sup> m <sup>2</sup> when facing the source is place	<b>(1</b> ) ed

Using the data below, show that the energy available from the fusion of two hydrogen-2, $^2$ H, nuclei to make a helium-4, $^4$ He, nucleus is approximately 3.7 × 10 $^{-12}$  J.

(b)

(i)	Assume the source emits $\gamma$ rays uniformly in all directions. Show that the ratio	
	number of γ photons incident on detector number of γ photons produced by source	
	is about $4 \times 10^{-3}$ .	
(ii)	The $\gamma$ ray detector detects 1 in 400 of the $\gamma$ photons incident on the facing surface of the	(2)
()	detector. Calculate the activity of the source. State an appropriate unit.	
	answer = unit	(3)
Calc	culate the corrected count rate when the detector is moved 0.10 m further from the source.	(3)
	angwer – counts s <sup>-1</sup>	
		(3)
	(ii)	Show that the ratio  number of γ photons incident on detector number of γ photons produced by source  is about 4 × 10 <sup>-3</sup> .  (ii) The γ ray detector detects 1 in 400 of the γ photons incident on the facing surface of the detector.  Calculate the activity of the source. State an appropriate unit.

0.18 m from the source. A corrected count rate of 0.62 counts  $\rm s^{-1}$  is recorded.