## Practice Question Set For A-Level

**Subject: Physics** 

Paper-3 Topic: Section A(Practical Skills Set-3)



2

3

Name of the Student:

Max. Marks: 19 Marks Time: 19 Minutes

Mark Schemes

Q1.

(a) (use of 
$$\frac{\Delta \hat{\lambda}}{\hat{\lambda}} = -\frac{v}{c}$$
 gives)  $\frac{(660.86 - 656.28)}{656.28} = (-)\frac{v}{3.0 \times 10^8}$  (1)  $v = (-)2094 \text{ km s}^{-1}$  (1)

(b) graph to show:

correct plotting of points (1) straight line through origin (1)

$$H = \frac{v}{d} = \text{gradient} = 70 \text{ km s}^{-1} \text{ Mpc}^{-1}$$
 (1)

(must show evidence of use of graph in calculation)

[5]

**Q2.** 

(a) three parallel rays refracting through objective (1) rays pass through intermediate image at point labelled  $F_o$ ,  $F_e$  with  $f_o > f_e$  (1) rays leave eyepiece parallel to construction ray (which need not be shown) (1)

3

(b) (i) separation (=  $f_o + f_e$ ) = 0.10 + 0.50 = 0.60 m (1)

(ii) (use of 
$$m = \frac{f_o}{f_e}$$
 gives)  $m = \frac{0.5}{0.1} = 5$  (1)

$$\alpha = m\alpha = 5 \times \frac{3500}{380000} = 0.046 \text{ rad (1)}$$

[or 
$$\alpha = \frac{3500}{380000}$$

$$\alpha' = 5\alpha = 0.046 \text{ rad}$$

(iii) edges of the image will appear coloured (1)

4

[7]

## Q3.

- (a) (i) P has the lowest peak wavelength  $(\lambda_{max})$  (1)  $(\text{since}) \lambda_{max} T = \text{constant}$ , lowest  $\lambda_{max}$  means highest T (1) [or P has highest peak intensity (1)] intensity is power per unit area, or ref to Stefan's law (1)]
  - (ii)  $\lambda_{max} = 300 \times 10^{-9} \text{(m)}$  (1) (use of  $\lambda_{max} T = 0.0029 \text{ gives}$ )  $T = 9.7 \times 10^3 \text{K}$  (1)  $(9.67 \times 10^3 \text{ K})$

max 3

- (b) (i) A and B (1)
  - (ii) light from the star passes through the atmosphere of the star (1) which contains hydrogen with electrons in n = 2 state (1) electrons in this state absorb certain energies and (hence) frequencies of light (1) the light is re-emitted in all directions, so that the intensity of these frequencies is reduced in any given direction, resulting in absorption lines (1)

max 4

[7]