Practice Question Set For A-Le	vei	

**Subject : Physics** 

Paper-3 Topic: Section B(SECTION 9\_ ASTROPHYSICS)



				Time : 21 Mii				
	The table summarises some of the properties of Vesta, one of the largest objects in the asteroid belt between Mars and Jupiter.							
	Diameter / m		Distance from the Sun / ${ m AU}$					
		smallest	largest					
	$5.4 \times 10^5$	2.15	2.57					
(i) Calculate the largest possible distance, in m, between the Earth and Vesta.								
			distance =	m				
(i	ii) Show that w by Vesta to	hen Vesta is at a distance of 1 an observer on Earth is about	$.73 \times 10^{11}$ d m from Earth,					
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(ii)	The IRTF includes a camera capable of detecting infrared radiation with wavelengths in the range 1.0 $\mu$ m to 5.0 $\mu$ m.
	The smallest angle the telescope can resolve is $3.3 \times 10^{-7}$ radian.
	Calculate the diameter of the objective of the telescope. Give your answer to a suitable number of significant figures.
	diameter of objective = m
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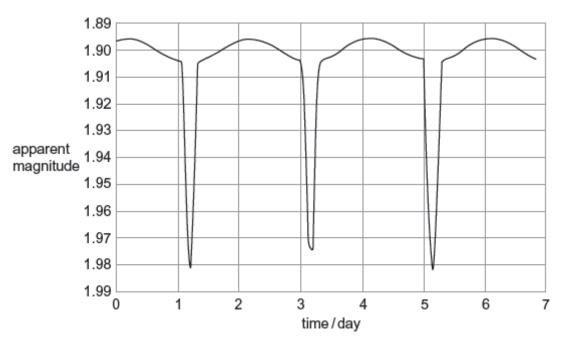
Q2.

(i)

Draw a ray diagram for a Cassegrain telescope.

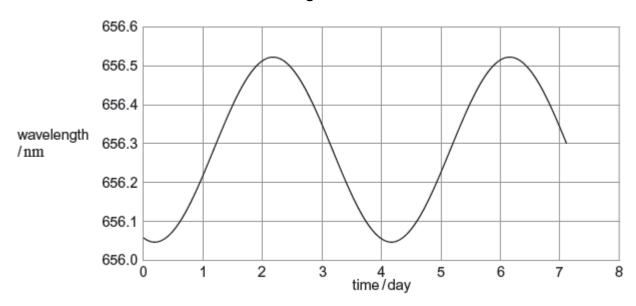
Menkalinan is an eclipsing binary star system in the constellation of Auriga. **Figure 1** shows the variation in apparent magnitude with time (light curve) for Menkalinan.

Figure 1



Analysis of the spectrum of one of the stars shows a periodic variation in wavelength. **Figure 2** shows the results for one of the spectral lines in the Hydrogen Balmer series. The wavelength for this line as measured for a source in a laboratory on the Earth is 656.28 nm.

Figure 2



(a) Describe the physical processes that give rise to the shape of each graph. Go on to show how the information in the graphs can be used to determine properties, such as the speed and period, of the Menkalinan binary system. You should include appropriate calculations in your answer.

The quality of your	r written commu	communication will be assessed in your answer.		

Т	he black body temperature of each star is approximately 9200 K.	
Ξ	xplain why a Hydrogen Balmer line was chosen for the analysis of wavelength varia	tion.
Т	The distance from the Earth to Menkalinan is $7.7 \times 10^{17}$ m.	
C	alculate the value of the absolute magnitude of Menkalinan when it appears dimmes	st.
	absolute magnitude =	