## Practice Question Set For GCSE

**Subject : Physics** 

Paper-1 Topic: Electricity (High Demand)

Name of the Student:



Marks: 22 Marks   Time: 22 I     Mark Schemes		Time: 22 Minutes
Q1.		
(a)	Formula mark P = V × I	
	accept $P = VI$ or $W = V S A$ or any transformation	1
	Substitution mark I = 900 ÷ 230	1
	Calculation mark 3.9	
	accept 3.9 <b>or</b> 3.91 <b>or</b> 4 for three marks with no working	1
(b)	$900 + 1300 = 2200 \div 230 = 9.6$	
	accept 9.57 to 9.6 <b>or</b> 10 for both marks with no working	2
(c)	1.2 + 0.45 = 1.65	1
	× 0.5 = 0.825	
	accept 0.8 <b>or</b> 0.83 for both marks with no working	1
(d)	any <b>one</b> from	
	use less energy (to cook something)  accept fewer energy losses or use less electricity	
	cook faster	
	do not credit a cost argument about buying two different ovens	1 [8]
Q2.		
(i)	<b>EITHER</b> 30000 (2) joules/J (1)	
	or 30 kilojoules/kj	3
	OR	
	power x time = energy	1

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(ii)
           vibration (of the food processor / some part of the food processor / the food)
                                                                                                  1
                                                                                                            [4]
Q3.
    (a)
          ordinary cell has higher voltage (normally / at start)
          ordinary cell 1.3V nicad 1.2V (normally / at start)
                      for 1 mark
           voltage of ordinary cell falls more slowly
                      gains 1 mark
           (accept ordinary cell lasts longer)
          but
          as above with relevant quantification e.g. falls to zero in 60 seconds
          compared to 6 seconds
          nicad falls to zero 10 times as fast
                      gains 2 marks
                                                                                                  3
    (b)
          (i)
                answer in range 32-34 (seconds) (inclusive)
                      gains 1 mark
                but
                answer in range 22-24 (seconds) (inclusive)
                      gains 2 marks
                12 (seconds)
          (ii)
                      gains 1 mark
                but
                2 (seconds)
                      gains 2 marks
                                                                                                  4
    (c)
          resistance of the lamp / filament changes / increases
                      gains 1 mark
           but
          resistance of the lamp / filament decreases
                      gains 2 marks
          because the temperature of the filament falls / filament cools
                      for 1 mark
                                                                                                  3
                                                                                                           [10]
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time = 120 (seconds)

1