

Name of the Student: _____

Max. Marks : 23 Marks

Time : 23 Minutes

Mark Schemes

Q1.

- (a) $E = 15\,000 \times 36$ 1
- $E = 540\,000$ 1
- $E = 540\text{ (kJ)}$
an answer of 540 (kJ) scores 3 marks 1
- (b) (the motor in) scooter **B** has a higher power 1
- therefore
 (because both motors have the same efficiency) scooter **B** will have a greater kinetic energy 1
- (c) the battery in scooter **B** has a greater store of chemical energy 1
- (d) energy transferred = power \times time
allow $E = P \times t$ 1
- (e) 20×60 1
- $E = 1\,200 \times 700$ 1
- $E = 840\,000\text{ (J)}$
an answer of 840 000 (J) scores 3 marks 1
- [10]**

Q2.

- (a) thermometer 1
- stopclock / stopwatch
accept measuring cylinder
accept top pan balance 1

(b)	independent: type of oil	1
	dependent: temperature rise in °C	1
(c)	wear safety goggles	1
	oil not heated directly <i>accept any reasonable comment about not handling hot apparatus.</i>	1
(d)	repeat the experiment	1
	and calculate the mean temperature rise	
	OR	
	heat the oil for a longer period of time (1)	
	to get a wider range of temperatures (1)	1
(e)	$(17 + 17 + 18) / 3 (= 17.33)$	1
	temperature rise = 17 (°C)	1
	<i>accept 17 (°C) with no working shown for 2 marks</i> <i>allow 17.33 with no working shown for 1 mark</i>	
(f)	$E = 0.025 \times 1800 \times 20$ (J)	1
	$E = 900$ (J)	1
	<i>allow 900 without working shown for the 2 calculation marks</i>	
	Joule	1
		[13]