

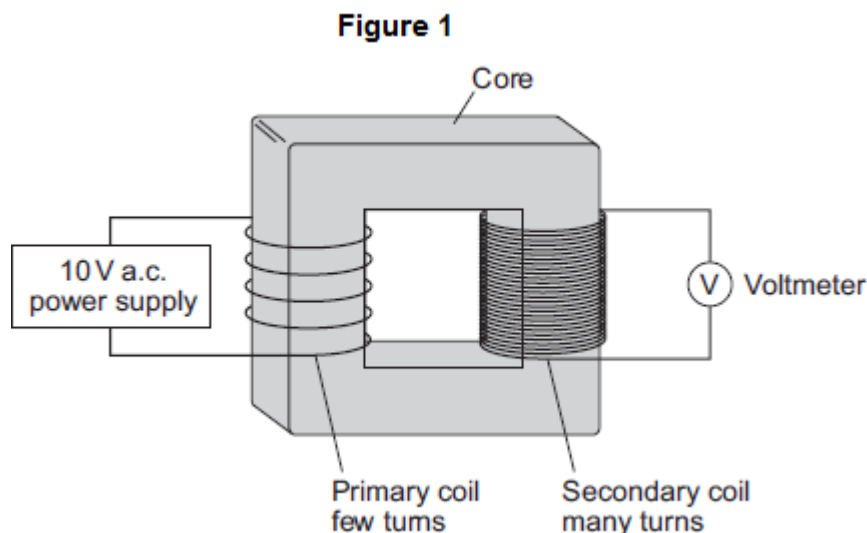
Name of the Student: \_\_\_\_\_

Max. Marks : 17 Marks

Time : 17 Minutes

**Q1.**

**Figure 1** shows a traditional transformer.



- (a) (i) Which metal should the core of the transformer be made from?

Tick (✓) **one** box.

aluminium

☐

copper

☐

iron

☐

(1)

- (ii) What would the reading be on the voltmeter shown in **Figure 1**?

Draw a ring around the correct answer.

**2 V**

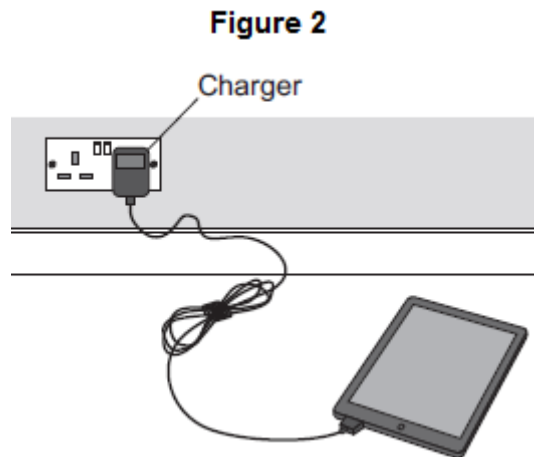
**10 V**

**50 V**

Give the reason for your answer.

(2)

- (b) **Figure 2** shows a tablet computer and its charger.



The charger contains a switch mode transformer.

- (i) Use the correct answer from the box to complete the sentence.

200	1000	20 000
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Switch mode transformers operate at frequencies  
from 50 kHz to \_\_\_\_\_ kHz.

(1)

- (ii) Give **one** advantage of a switch mode transformer over a traditional transformer.

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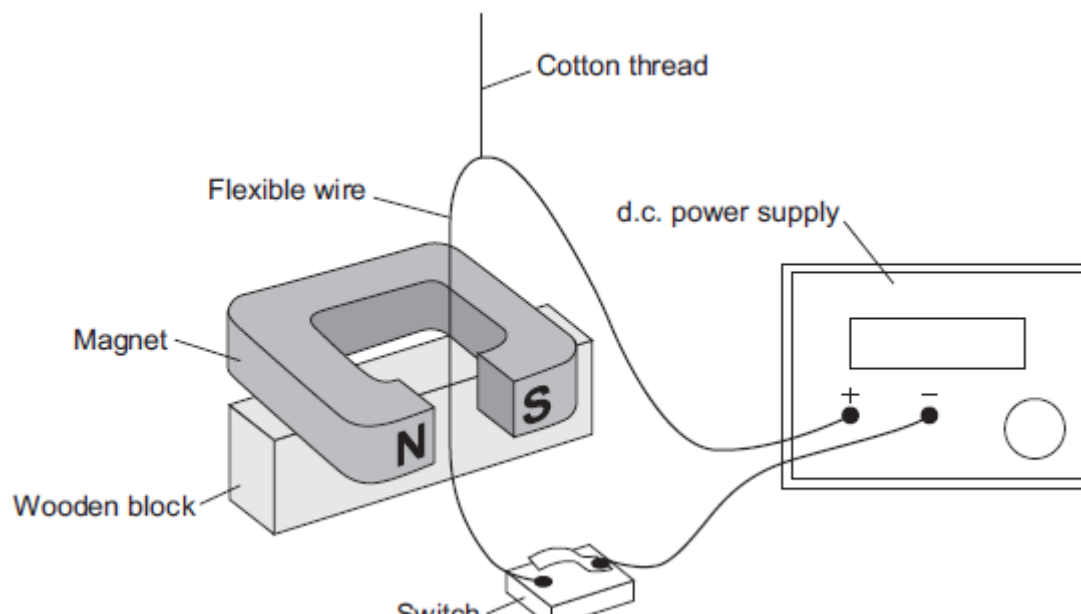
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(1)

(Total 5 marks)

## Q2.

The diagram shows a demonstration carried out by a teacher.



When the switch is closed, there is a current of 2 A through the wire. The wire experiences a force and moves.

- (a) Use the correct word from the box to complete the sentence.

<b>generator</b>	<b>motor</b>	<b>transformer</b>
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The demonstration shows the \_\_\_\_\_ effect.

(1)

- (b) State **two** changes that the teacher could make to the demonstration, each of which would increase the force on the wire. The teacher does not touch the wire.

1. \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

2. \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

(2)

- (c) State **one** change that the teacher could make to the demonstration to change the direction of the force on the wire.

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

(1)

- (d) With the switch closed, the teacher changes the position of the wire so that the force on the wire is zero.

What is the position of the wire?

Tick (✓) **one** box.

The wire is at  $90^\circ$  to the direction of the magnetic field.

☐

The wire is at  $45^\circ$  to the direction of the magnetic field.

☐

The wire is parallel to the direction of the magnetic field.

☐

(1)  
(Total 5 marks)

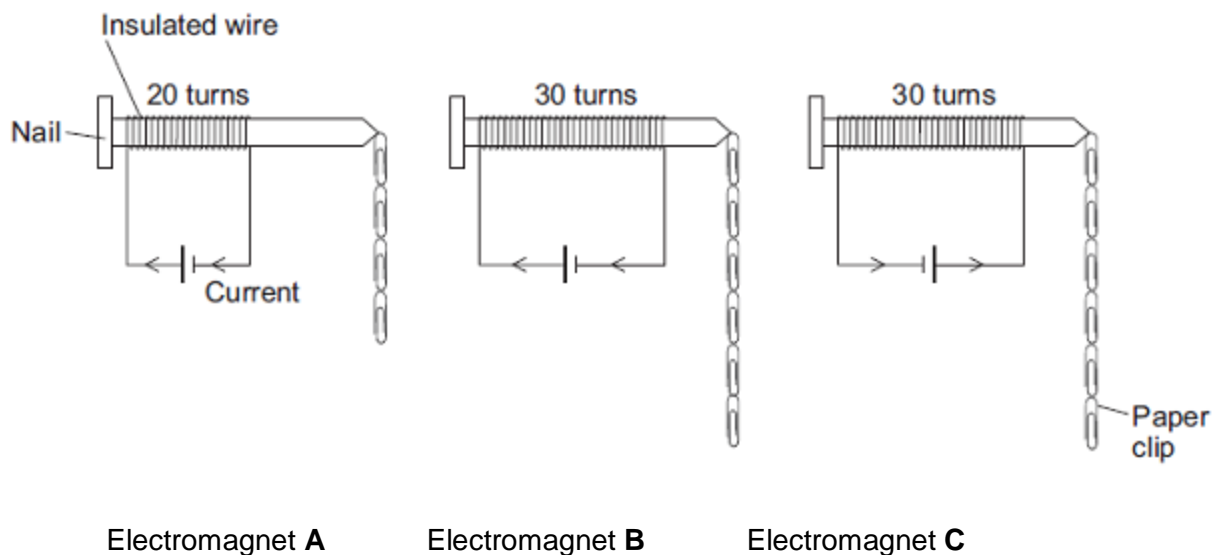
**Q3.**

A student is investigating the strength of electromagnets.

**Figure 1** shows three electromagnets.

The student hung a line of paper clips from each electromagnet.

**Figure 1**



No more paper clips can be hung from the bottom of each line of paper clips.

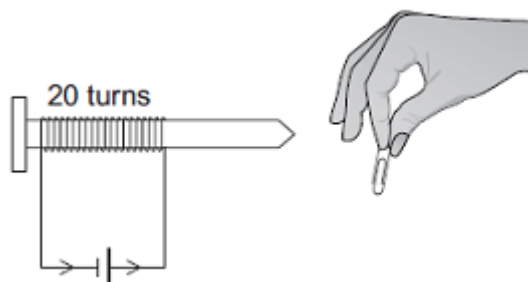
- (a) (i) Complete the conclusion that the student should make from this investigation.
- Increasing the number of turns of wire wrapped around the nail will \_\_\_\_\_ the strength of the electromagnet.
- (1)
- (ii) Which **two** pairs of electromagnets should be compared to make this conclusion?
- Pair 1:** Electromagnets \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_
- Pair 2:** Electromagnets \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_
- (1)
- (iii) Suggest **two** variables that the student should control in this investigation.

1. \_\_\_\_\_
2. \_\_\_\_\_

(2)

- (b) The cell in electromagnet **A** is swapped around to make the current flow in the opposite direction. This is shown in **Figure 2**.

**Figure 2**



What is the maximum number of paper clips that can now be hung in a line from this electromagnet?

Draw a ring around the correct answer.

**fewer than 4**

**4**

**more than 4**

Give **one** reason for your answer.

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(2)

- (c) Electromagnet **A** is changed to have only 10 turns of wire wrapped around the nail.

Suggest the maximum number of paper clips that could be hung in a line from the end of this electromagnet.

Maximum number of paper clips = \_\_\_\_\_

(1)

**(Total 7 marks)**