## Practice Question Set For GCSE

**Subject: Physics** 

## Paper-1 Topic: GCSE Triple Science\_ENERGY (High Demand Questions)

Name of the Student:  Max. Marks : 22 Marks  Mark Schemes  Time : 22 Minut			
(a)	elas	stic potential	1
(b)	(i)	line is straight  accept line does not curve	1
	(ii)	allow <b>1</b> mark for correct substitution of any pair taken from the graph e.g. 160 = k × 0.40	of numbers correctly
		newtons per metre <b>or</b> N/m  if symbols are used they must be correct	1
	(iii)	300 allow <b>1</b> mark for correctly obtaining force on 1 s <sub>i</sub>	pring = 100N
(c)	52	allow <b>2</b> marks for calculating change in gpe for for 12 chin-ups as 3120 (J) an answer 4.3 gains <b>2</b> marks allow <b>1</b> mark for correct substitution into gpe equivious (x 12) or correct use of power equation with an incorrect transferred	uation ie gpe = 65 × 10 value for energy
			3 [10]
<b>Q2.</b> (a)	ene	rgy required to raise the temperature of a substance by accept heat for energy	1 °C
	unit	mass / 1 kg	1
(b)	(i)	7 140 000 (J)	

provided no subsequent step 850 gains 1 mark if no other mark awarded 3 (ii) particles in the air have more (kinetic) energy than the particles in the steel allow particles in the air have a greater speed. 1 particles vibrate (about fixed positions) 1 air particles move freely 1 (ii) the most energetic particles accept molecules for particles throughout accept the fastest particles 1 have enough energy to escape from (the surface of) the water 1 therefore the mean energy of the remaining particles decreases accept speed for energy 1 as energy decreased, temperature has decreased 1 [12]

 $E = 20 \times 420 \times 850$