## Practice Question Set For GCSE

Subject: Physics



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[8]

## Paper-1 Topic: GCSE Triple Science\_Particle Model Of Matter (High Demand Questions)

Name of the Student:		
Name of the Student.		

Max. Marks: 17 Marks Time: 17 Minutes

Mark Schemes

Q1.

(a)  $1 (cm^3)$ 

(b) pressure is inversely proportional to volume

data to prove inversely proportional relationship

$$eg 8 \times 200 = 1600$$

and  $10 \times 160 = 1600$ 

if no other marks score allow for **1** mark: as volume decreases pressure increases

(c) (as the gas is compressed) the volume of gas decreases

(so there are) more frequent collisions of gas particles with container walls

(and) each particle collision with the wall causes a force

(so there is a) greater force on walls

1

**Q2.** 

(a) 
$$1.2 = \frac{m}{2.3 \times 10^4}$$

 $m = 1.2 \times 2.3 \times 10^4$ 

m = 27 600 (kg) allow an answer of 28 000 (kg) or  $2.8 \times 10^4$  (kg)

or

$$m = 2.76 \times 10^4 (kg)$$

an answer of 27 600 (kg) scores 3 marks

(b)	mass of air passing the turbine blades is halved which decreases kinetic energy by a factor of two	1
	(wind speed is halved) decreasing kinetic energy by a factor of four	1
	so kinetic energy decreases by a factor of eight	1
	allow power output for kinetic energy throughout	
(c)	$388~000 = 0.5 \times 13~800 \times v^2$ this mark may be awarded if P is incorrectly / not converted	1
	$v^2 = \frac{(2 \times 388000)}{13800}$	
	this mark may be awarded if P is incorrectly / not converted	

or

$$v^2 = \frac{388\,000}{(0.5 \times 13\,800)}$$

or

$$v^2 = 56.2$$

v = 7.50 (m/s)

an answer that rounds to 7.50 (m/s) only

[9]

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