Practice Question Set For GCSE

Subject: Physics



Paper-1 Topic: GCSE Triple Science_Particle Model Of Matter (Standard Demand Questions)

		the S rks : 2	Time : 21 Minutes		
Mark	k Sch				
Q1					
٠.	(a)	(i)	2.1		
	(-)	(-)		correct answer only	1
		(ii)	3.15 or		
			-	(a)(i) × 1.5 correctly calculated	
				allow 1 mark for correct substitution	
				ie 2.1 × 1.5	
				or	
				their (a)(i) × 1.5	2
			kilow	ratt-hour	
				accept kWh	
				or	
				a substitution 2100 × 5400 scores 1 mark	
				2100×5400 incorrectly calculated with answer in joules scores 2 marks	
				an answer of 11 340 000 scores 2 marks	
				an answer of 11 340 000 J scores 3 marks	1
		(iii)	most	(input) energy is usefully transformed	
		` '		accept does not waste a lot of energy	
				accept most of the output / energy is useful	
				do not accept it does not waste energy	1
	(b)	the	room is	s losing energy / heat	1
		at th	at the same rate as the heater supplies it		
				this mark only scores if the first is scored	
				do not accept heater reaches same temperature as room / surroundings	
				rate of heat gain = rate of heat loss scores both marks	

[7]

(a) (i) silvered surfaces

more than the correct number of ticks in a row negates the mark

radiation

2

plastic cap

conduction, convection (both required)

	conduction	convection	radiation	
vacuum	*	V		
silvered surfaces			>	(1)
plastic cap	>	V		(1)

(ii)

any mention of air or any other substance in a vacuum scores zero

because there are no particles in a vacuum

accept atoms / molecules for particles

accept vacuum is empty space

accept there is nothing in a vacuum

accept there is no air / gas in the vacuum

conduction and convection need particles / medium

need reference to both conduction and convection

accept correct descriptions

2

(b) (i) less heat lost (to air above the heater)

do **not** accept **no** heat lost

light shiny surfaces are poor emitters (of radiation)

accept radiators for emitters

references to reflection are neutral

or dull, matt surfaces are good emitters (of radiation)

do **not** credit answers which infer reflection from the underside of the hood

1000

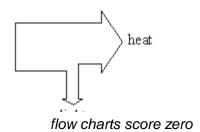
ignore correct reference to absorption

2

(ii) correct diagram drawn with one output arrow narrower than the other

ignore input

arrows correctly labelled with energy form eg



(iii) energy cannot be destroyed

accept (principle of) conservation of energy

do **not** accept because energy cannot be lost without clarification

[9]

Q3.

- (a) (i) makes it warmer / raises the temperature accept produces convection (current) accept makes it less dense
 - (ii) reduced **or** slows down

(b) (i) electrical energy (to run the pump) must be paid for accept electricity for electrical energy accept electricity is needed for the pump accept it uses electricity accept because of the pump

1

2

1

1

- (ii) more useful (heat) energy is transferred into the house than the energy used to operate the pump
 - **or** reduced cost of heating the house is greater than the cost of running the (electrical) pump
 - or costs little to run compared to the savings made

accept for 1 mark
reduces energy bills
or reduced fuel costs / heating costs owtte
do not accept it's cheap

2

[5]