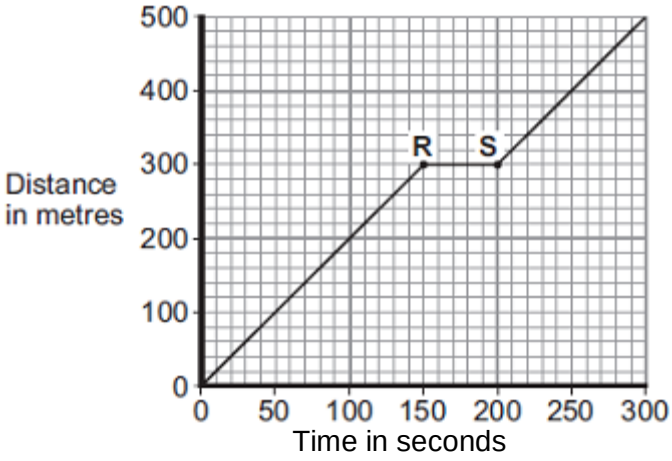
Name of the Student:_____
Max. Marks : 17 Marks **Time : 17 Minutes**

Q1.

(a) **Figure 1** shows the distance–time graph for a person walking to a bus stop.

Figure 1



(i) Which **one** of the following statements describes the motion of the person between points **R** and **S** on the graph?

Tick (✓) **one** box.

Not moving ☐

Moving at constant speed ☐

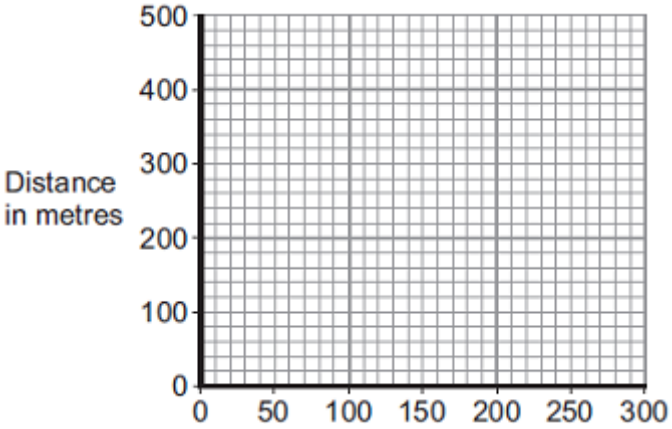
Moving with increasing speed ☐

(1)

(ii) Another person, walking at constant speed, travels the same distance to the bus stop in 200 seconds.

Complete **Figure 2** to show a distance–time graph for this person.

Figure 2



(1)

(b) A bus accelerates away from the bus stop at 2.5 m/s^2.

The total mass of the bus and passengers is 14 000 kg.

Calculate the resultant force needed to accelerate the bus and passengers.

_____

_____

_____

Resultant force = _____ N

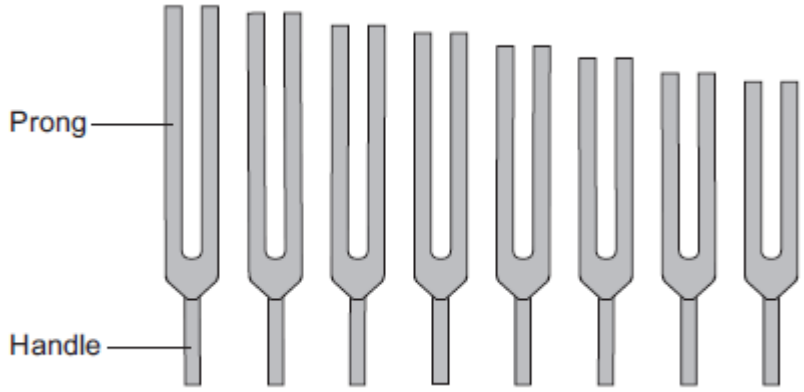
(2)

(Total 4 marks)

Q2.

Figure 1 shows a set of tuning forks.

Figure 1



A tuning fork has a handle and two prongs. It is made from metal.

When the prongs are struck on a hard object, the tuning fork makes a sound wave with a single frequency. The frequency depends on the length of the prongs.

(a) Use the correct answer from the box to complete each sentence.

direction	**loudness**	**pitch**	**speed**

The frequency of a sound wave determines its _____ .

The amplitude of a sound wave determines its _____ .

(2)

(b) Each tuning fork has its frequency engraved on it. A student measured the length of the prongs for each tuning fork.

Some of her data is shown in the table.

Frequency in hertz	**Length of prongs in cm**
320	9.5
384	8.7
480	7.8
512	7.5

(i) Describe the pattern shown in the table.

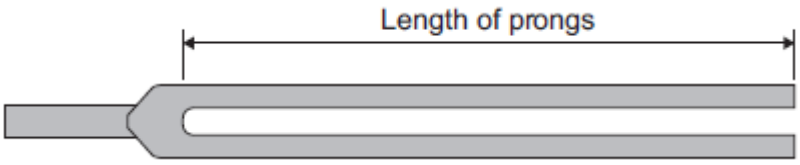
_____

_____

(1)

(ii) **Figure 2** shows a full-size drawing of a tuning fork.

Figure 2



Measure and record the length of the prongs.

Length of prongs = _____ cm

(1)

Use the data in the table above to estimate the frequency of the tuning fork in **Figure 2**.

Explain your answer.

_____

_____

_____

_____

_____

Estimated frequency = _____ Hz

(3)

(c) Ultrasound waves are used in hospitals.

(i) Use the correct answer from the box to complete the sentence.

electronic	**hydraulic**	**radioactive**

Ultrasound waves can be produced by _____ systems.

(1)

(ii) The frequency of an ultrasound wave used in a hospital is 2×10^6 Hz.

It is **not** possible to produce ultrasound waves of this frequency using a tuning fork.

Explain why.

_____

_____

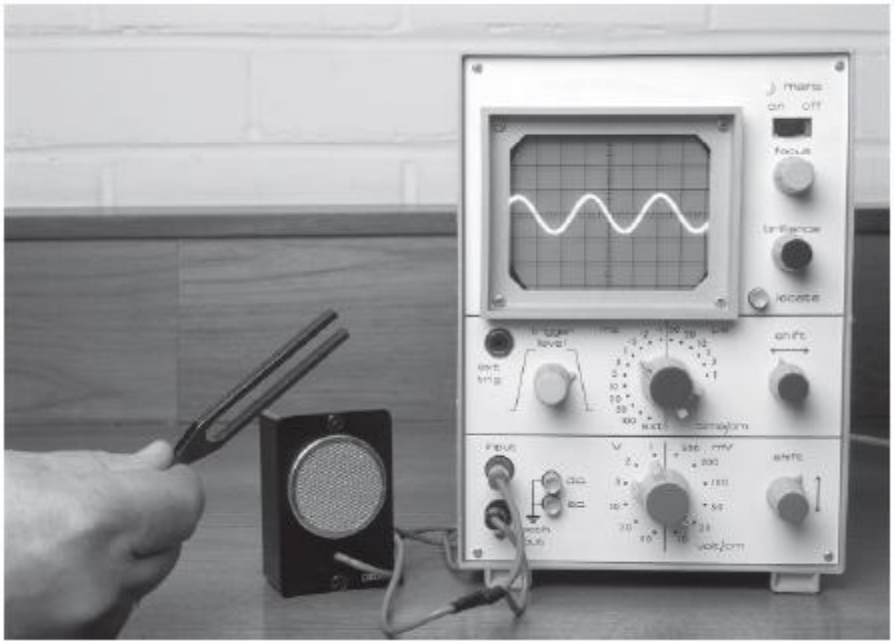
_____

_____

(2)

(d) **Figure 3** shows a tuning fork and a microphone. The microphone is connected to an oscilloscope.

Figure 3



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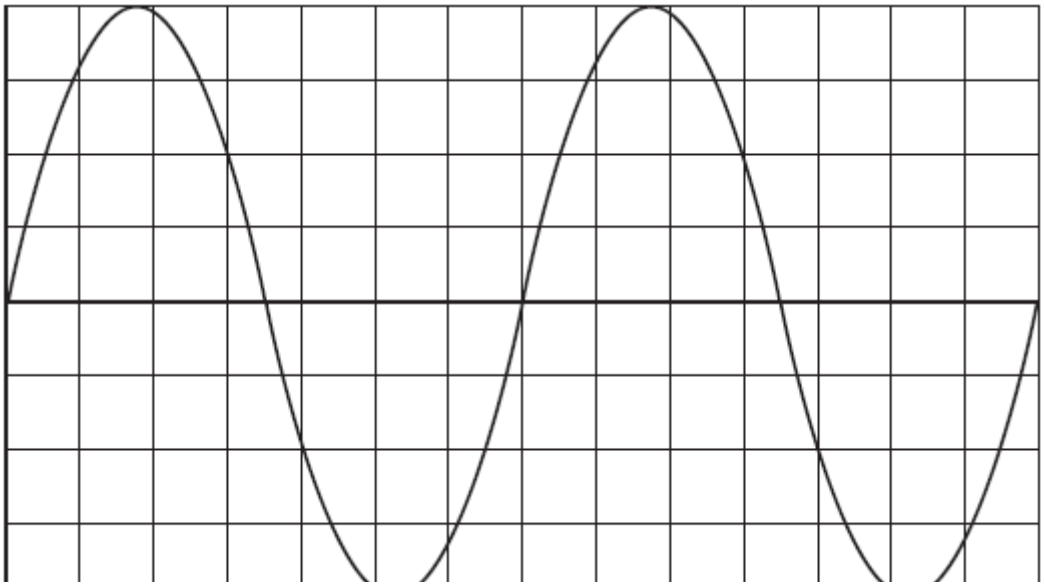
When the tuning fork is struck and then placed in front of the microphone, a trace appears on the oscilloscope screen.

Figure 4 shows part of the trace on the screen.

Figure 4



Each horizontal division in **Figure 4** represents a time of 0.0005 s.

What is the frequency of the tuning fork?

_____

_____

_____

Frequency = _____ Hz

(3)

(Total 13 marks)