Practice Question Set For GCSE

Subject: Physics

Name of the Student:

Paper-2 Topic: GCSE Triple Science_Space Physics (HDQ)



мах. ма	Time : 17 Minutes				
Mark Sch	Mark Schemes				
Q1.					
(a)	fusion do not credit any response which looks like 'fission'	1			
	of hydrogen / H (atoms) credit only if 1 st mark point scores				
(b)	fusion of other / lighter atoms / elements	1			
(6)	reference to big bang nullifies both marks	1			
	during supernova / explosion of star(s)	1			
(c)	the (available) evidence: supports this idea or				
	does not contradict this idea or				
	can be extrapolated to this idea or (electromagnetic) spectrum from other stars is similar to sun				
	(Ciconomagnone) spectrum nom other stars is similar to sum	1 [5]			

Q2.

- (a) any three from:
 - red-shift shows galaxies are moving away (from each other / the Earth)
 - more distant galaxies show bigger red-shift

or

more distant galaxies show a greater increase in wavelength accept correct reference to frequency in place of wavelength

- (in all directions) more distant galaxies are moving away faster accept (suggests) universe is expanding
- suggests single point of origin (of the universe)

3

(b)	(i)	(radiation produced shortly after) 'Big Bang' accept beginning of time / beginning of the universe for 'Big Bang'	1	
	(ii)	any one from:		
		can only be explained by 'Big Bang'		
		existence predicted by 'Big Bang'		
		 provides (further) evidence for 'Big Bang' ignore proves 'Big Bang' (theory) ignore reference to red-shift 	1	
	(iii)	increase		
		accept becomes radio waves	1	
		universe continues to accelerate outwards		
		accept as universe continues to expand		
		or		
		greater red-shift		
			1	[7]
Q3.				
(a)	а р or	protostar is at a lower temperature		
	-	rotostar does not emit radiation /energy	1	
	as	(nuclear) fusion reactions have not started		
		accept heat or light for energy	1	
(b)	by	(nuclear) fusion		
		accept nuclei fuse (together)		
		nuclear fusion and fission negates this mark	1	
	of h	nydrogen to helium	1	
	واو	ments heavier than <u>iron</u> are formed in a <u>supernova</u>		
	Olo	accept a specific example e.g. heavier elements such as gold are formed in a supernova		
		accept heavier elements (up to iron) formed in red giant/red super giant		
		reference to burning (hydrogen) negates the first 2 marks	1	
				[5]