Practice Question Set For GCSE

Subject: Physics

Paper-2 Topic: GCSE Triple Science\_Waves (SDQ)



Name of the Student: Max. Marks: 17 Marks **Time: 17 Minutes** Mark Schemes Q1. (a) (i) vacuum do not allow stopper 1 (ii) (absence of particles) means no (transfer of energy between) particles for conduction accept particles or atoms or molecules or electrons 1 no movement of molecules for (transfer of energy by) convection accept particles/atoms/electrons if answer to (a)(i) is correct: then in (a)(ii) have stated 'conduction and convection both need a medium/particles/materials' = 2 marks (If medium is specified, it must be correct, conduction can be solid, liquid or gas, convection must be liquid or gas) if answer to (a)(i) is incorrect then in (a)(ii) have stated 'conduction and convection both need a medium...'= 1 mark, unless further qualified by stating about absence of particles, in which case get a second mark. (b) silvered surface (i) accept silver surface (ii) silvered is a bad emitter/radiator surface reflects heat/energy/radiation (at inner and outer surface) **or** is a bad absorber (of energy) accept bounces off

Q2.

(a) sound with a frequency above audible

do not accept answer in terms of λ do not accept sound which cannot be heard unless obvious from context

accept above 20 kHz

1

[6]

(b)	(i)	to show detail <b>or</b> to give a clear image/picture accept the generators <b>or</b> transducers can be small accept so the beam does not spread out/beam in focus		
		not 'good picture'	1	
	(ii)	(much) smaller wavelength  allow higher frequency/pitch		
		anow riigher irequericy/pitch	1	
	(iii)	no damage to living cells (provided low power)  accept the converse		
		accept no damage to baby <b>or</b> not dangerous to baby	1	
	(iv)	any <b>two</b> forms		
		sex		
		stage of development or specific examples		
		abnormalities		
		general health		
		potential problems (at birth)  accept specific examples e.g. umbilical cord around neck		
		size of head		
		accept multiple births	2	
				[6]
Q3.				
(i)	radia	ation <b>or</b> infra red  do <b>not</b> accept rays		
		do <b>not</b> accept waves		
		accept electromagnetic waves	1	
(ii)	goo	d absorber (of heat) to absorb heat ( <b>or</b> infrared)		
		do <b>not</b> accept 'attract' <b>or</b> 'capture' <b>or</b> soak	1	
(iii)	redu	ice heat loss (from the panel)		
		accept (good) (heat) insulator		
		accept stop <b>or</b> reduce conduction		
		accept stop or reduce convection		
		accept traps heat		
		accept keeps water hot	1	
(iv)	to re	eflect (back into the panel) heat <b>or</b> infrared <b>or</b> Sun's energy do <b>not</b> accept 'bouncing'		

1

radiated **or** given out by the (black) pipe

accept back to pipe accept reduce heat loss for 1 mark accept reduce heat loss by radiation for 2 marks accept stop heat loss by radiation for I mark

1

[5]