Practice Question Set For GCSE

Subject: Physics

Paper-1 Topic: 4_ Waves



Name of the Student:_____

Max. Marks: 17 Marks

Time: 17 Minutes

Mark Schemes

Q1.

Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
Substitution 1.7 × 8 (1) Evaluation 14 (cm/s) (1)	13.6 (cm/s) give full marks for correct answer, no working Power of 10 error max. 1 mark.	(2)

Q2.

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
(i)	at least one arrow in the direction QS (1)	allow arrows parallel to QS	(2)
	two arrows in opposite directions (1)	independent mark	
		scores 2 marks	
		two arrows in opposite directions but perpendicular to QS scores 1 mark maximum	

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
(ii)	converts 7 km/s to 7000 m/s (1) substitution (1)	7000 seen (1)	(3)
	7(× 10³) 12		
	evaluation (1)		
	580 (m)	allow numbers that round down to 580 such as 583.33	
		5.8 to any incorrect power of ten scores 2 marks	
		award full marks for the correct answer without working	

Q3.

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
(i)	recall speed = <u>distance</u>	accept any correct rearrangement	(1)
	time	or use of s, d and t	AO 1 1
		may use v for speed and x for distance	
		ignore use of triangles	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
(ii)	substitution (1) (speed) = 220 0.7(0)	allow ecf from part (i) for this mark only	(2) AO 2 1
	evaluation (1) 310 (m/s)	allow any numbers that round to	
		310 e.g. 314 award full marks for the correct answer without working	

Q4.

	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
(i)	(i) 12		(1)
			AO1

	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
(ii)	42 (1) 12		(2) AO1
	3.5 (cm) (1)	ecf from2ai	
		allow 0.035 for 1 mark award full marks for the correct answer without working	

	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
(iii)	A description to include:		(3) AO1
	either		
	time a crest/ripple/wavefront (1)	allow 'how long it takes' allow 'wave' for crest	
	(moving) between P and Q (1)	allow – over the 42 cm over a (set) distance	
	use (wave speed =) <u>distance</u> (1) time or		
	count number of crests		
	/ripples /wavefronts passing (eg P) (1)	allow waves	
	in a given time (to find f) (1)		
	use (v =) fλ (1)		
		if no other mark scored measure frequency for 1 mark	

Q5.

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
3	wavelength gets shorter / decreases		(1)