

Name of the Student: _____

Max. Marks : 12 Marks

Time : 12 Minutes

Mark Schemes

Q1.

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
(i)	<p>Atoms may form positive ions by losing electrons. (1)</p> <p>The electrons involved in forming positive ions are the outer electrons (1)</p>	accept any clear indication that correct word is in gap	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
(ii)	<p>The only correct answer is C gamma</p> <p>A is not correct because alpha radiation is not electromagnetic</p> <p>B is not correct because beta minus radiation is not electromagnetic</p> <p>D is not correct because neutron radiation is not electromagnetic</p>	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
(iii)	<p>The only correct answer is A alpha</p> <p>B is not correct because beta minus travels further in air than alpha</p> <p>C is not correct because beta plus travels further in air than alpha</p> <p>D is not correct because gamma travels further in air than alpha and beta</p>	(1)

Q2.

	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
(i)	<p>A description linking the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> neutron decays / changes / becomes (1) (neutron) into proton (1) (plus an) electron (1) 	<p>quark changes (quark changes) from down to up / d to u</p> <p>e^- (do not accept β^-)</p> <p>accept n and p for neutron and proton</p> <p>$n > p + e^-$ scores 3 marks</p> <p>IGNORE references to atomic and mass numbers; unstable nuclei; too many neutrons; gamma emitted</p>	(3)
(ii)	<p>An explanation linking three of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> mass number doesn't change (1) (because) same number of nucleons / quarks (1) atomic number goes up by one (1) (because) there is an extra proton (1) 	<p>emitted electron mass is negligible</p> <p>proton and neutron have same mass</p> <p>a neutron has (decayed in) to a proton</p>	(3)

Q3.

	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
(i)	A 92		(1)
(ii)	neutron(s) (1)	<p>allow phonetic spelling</p> <p>nutron, newtron, nuetron</p>	(1)